



**[Platinum] 8 Days and 7 Nights Tour of Shanghai, Suzhou, Zhenjiang,
Yangzhou, Nanjing, and Hangzhou**

Product information			
Departure city	Shanghai	Tour No.	PVGPVG8
Destination	Shanghai	Way location	Suzhou、Zhenjiang、Yangzhou、Nanjing
Travel days	8 Day 7 Night	Transportation	Vehicle
Airport pick-up/drop-off	Airport pick-up Airport drop-off	Currency	USD

Product price	
Single occupancy: \$2538 / Person	Double occupancy: \$2038 / Person
Triple occupancy: \$2038 / Person	

Departure date
01/28/2026-12/30/2026: Wednesdays No departures on the following 2026 dates: 02/11, 02/18, 04/01, 04/29, 06/17, 09/23, 09/30, 10/07 Minimum 4 travelers required for departure.

Highlights

- Travel with us on a delightful eight-day tour with our professional tour guides!
- Stay in High-quality star-rated hotels throughout the trip!
- Explore the ancient city of Nanjing and stroll through the must-visit places of Temple of Confucius, Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum and the Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum.
- Discover the world-famous wonders such as Yu Garden, Hanshan Temple, Lingering Garden and the West Lake.
- Enjoy the West Lake and take a cruise on the beautiful lake to feel its charm!
- Stay in the modern city of Shanghai to take a visit to the most prosperous region of Shanghai French Concession and the Bund.

Join / leave point

Boarding location

Shanghai Pudong International Airport (PVG); Address: 4RV5+P8J, Yingbin Expy, Pudong, Shanghai, China;
Complimentary Airport Pick-up on the first day of your tour: 12:00 and 18:00. (Please be noticed the listed time refers to the meeting time with our staff after claiming your baggage.)

Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport (SHA); Address: No. 2550, Hongqiao Road, Changning District, Shanghai;

Complimentary Airport Pick-up on the first day of your tour: 12:00 and 18:00. (Please be noticed the listed time refers to the meeting time with our staff after claiming your baggage.)

Drop-off location

Shanghai Pudong International Airport (PVG); Address: 4RV5+P8J, Yingbin Expy, Pudong, Shanghai, China;
For detailed information, please refer to the last day's itinerary.

Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport (SHA); Address: No. 2550, Hongqiao Road, Changning District,

Shanghai;

For detailed information, please refer to the last day's itinerary.

Tour introduction

Day 1

Shanghai

All day

Complimentary Airport Pick-up on the first day of your tour: 12:00 and 18:00 at Shanghai Pudong International Airport (PVG), Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport (SHA). Please be noticed the listed time refers to the meeting time with our staff after claiming your baggage.

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

If the flight arrives late, then you can't enjoy the dinner, please take care of the dinner and no expenses.

Night

Hotel: Jin Jiang Hotel; similar

Day 2

Shanghai - Vehicle - Suzhou

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

This morning we will visit China's largest city - Shanghai. Walking into Yu Garden, a national 4A-level tourist attraction, there are various pavilions, towering rocks, and green trees in the garden. Then come to Town God's Temple of Shanghai, which is located in the old city of Huangpu District, Shanghai. It is an ancient temple with rich historical and cultural characteristics. After lunch, we will drive to Suzhou to visit Hanshan Temple, which is famous all over the world because of the sentence "Hanshan Temple outside Gusu City, and the bell to the passenger ship at midnight" in the famous poem "Fengqiao Night Mooring" by Zhang Ji, a poet of the Tang Dynasty. Shantang Street is named after the Shantang River, and you can take a canal cruise to feel the atmosphere of the Jiangnan water town.

Itinerary:

Shanghai → Yu Garden (1 hour) → Town God's Temple of Shanghai (1 hour) → Suzhou → Hanshan Temple (1 hour) → Shantang Street (1 hour, including a half-hour canal cruise) → Hotel

Morning

Yu Garden

Yu Garden is located in the northeast of the old city of Shanghai, adjoining with the City God Temple. It is a world famous classical garden in the southern Yangtze which was built more than 400 years ago in the Ming Dynasty. It is regarded as one of the representatives of the traditional culture in Shanghai. It displays the main features of traditional Chinese architecture with many rocks, trees, ponds, dragons, and zigzag bridges.

Town God's Temple of Shanghai

Town God's Temple of Shanghai or Temple of the City Gods, officially the City Temple of Shanghai, is a folk temple located in the old city of Shanghai. It commemorates the elevation of Shanghai to municipal status and is the site of the veneration of three Chinese figures honored as the city gods of the town.

Afternoon

Hanshan Temple

Have you ever heard of the poem *A Night Mooring Near Maple Bridge* written by Zhang Ji, a poet of the Tang Dynasty (618-907)? In this poem, Zhang described the midnight bell rings of the Hanshan Temple. Since then, the temple has become famous, especially for its bell rings and Buddhism culture. Hanshan Temple is located three miles (5 km) west of the old city of Suzhou along the banks of the Grand Canal. In addition to elegant structures like the Mahavira Hall, the Bell Tower and the Puming Pagoda, the temple houses a remarkable collection of stone tablets etched with Buddhist sutras and Chinese poetry. The temple, considered to be one of the 10 greatest temples in China, owes its fame to a classic Chinese poem called "A Night Mooring by Maple Bridge." These days, it's also known for its yearly midnight bell ringing.

Shantang Street

Shantang Street is a street in northwestern Gusu District, Suzhou, Jiangsu, China. The street connects Changmen in the east with Huqiu in the west, with a total length of about 2.38 miles, or a little more than seven li or traditional "Chinese miles." Due to the great history and events involving Shantang Street it is sometimes stated as being the "First Street in Shuzou." In 2015, the Shantang Street Scenic Area was added to the list of China's "National Historic and Cultural Streets." Today, it is a popular tourist destination with visitors being attracted by the heritage nature of the buildings and the various old stone bridges.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Pan Pacific Suzhou; similar

Day 3

Suzhou - Vehicle - Zhenjiang - Vehicle - Yangzhou

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included Average expense:

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will first visit the national 5A-level scenic spot and world cultural heritage: Linger Garden. Linger Garden is a large-scale classical private garden in China. The garden is famous for its architectural art. The garden architecture is integrated with mountains, water and stones to present a natural environment. Then, we will drive to Zhenjiang. After lunch, we will go to Xijindu Historical and Cultural District. Most of the buildings on the ancient streets are relics of Ming and Qing Dynasties. The brick and wood structure, and the window rails with carved cornices are all painted vermilion, giving people the feeling of "flying pavilions and flowing pills." Finally, we will drive to Yangzhou and stay overnight in Yangzhou.

Itinerary:

Suzhou → The Linger Garden (1 hour) → Zhenjiang → Xijin Ferry (1.5 hours) → Yangzhou

Morning

Linger Garden

Linger Garden is a renowned classical Chinese garden, dating back to 1593. It is located at 338 Liuyuan Rd. Suzhou, Jiangsu province, China. The garden is divided into 4 themed sections connected by covered walkways. The central garden encircles a pond and a grotto constructed of yellow stone granite. It was created by the noted artist Zhou Binzhong. In 1997, the Linger Garden was recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site, along with

seven other Classical Gardens of Suzhou. The garden also contains two UNESCO Intangible World Heritage Arts; Pingtan and Guqin music.

Afternoon

Xijin Ferry (Zhenjiang)

Xijin Ferry is a historic area in northern Zhenjiang, and is right across the street from the Yangtze River. At one point, this city served as the capital of Jiangsu province while Nanjing served as the capital of China. These days, the city is now the least developed on the high speed rail line between Shanghai and Nanjing. While largely recreated and reconstructed, this part of the city retains an "old China" charm. The ferry station was originally a means of crossing the river and getting to and from Yangzhou. For this reason, locals claim Marco Polo was once here.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Jinling Yangzhou Hotel; Hampton by Hilton Yangzhou; similar

Day 4

Yangzhou - Vehicle - Nanjing

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will first visit the national 5A-level tourist attraction: Slender West Lake. In 1988, Slender West Lake was listed by the State Council as a "national key scenic spot with important historical and cultural heritage and Yangzhou Garden characteristics." The Slender West Lake is included in the World Cultural Heritage List. After

lunch, we will drive to Nanjing. First, we will go to the mausoleum of Mr. Sun Yat-sen, the great pioneer of the democratic revolution in modern China, a national 5A-level tourist attraction: Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum located in Zhongshan Scenic Area. Afterwards, we will go to the Confucius Temple located on the north bank of the Qinhuai River and in the core area of the Qinhuai Scenic Belt of the Confucius Temple. This is the place where Confucius is worshiped. Then, we will stay overnight in Nanjing.

Itinerary:

Yangzhou → Slender West Lake (1.5 hours) → Nanjing → Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum (1 hour) → Confucius Temple (1.5 hours) → Hotel

Morning

Slender West Lake

Slender West Lake is a scenic lake and AAAAA Tourist Attraction and national park in Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, China. Specifically, it is located in Hanjiang District of Yangzhou, just northwest of the city's historic center. The lake is long and slender, giving it its name. A long bank planted with weeping willows spans the lake; at its midpoint stands a square terrace with pavilions at each of the corners and one in the center. Around the lake is a park in which are found several attractions: Lotus Flower Pagoda (Lianhua SO, a white structure reminiscent of the White Pagoda (Baita) in Beijing's Beihai Park; Small Gold Mountain (Xiao Jin Shan); and the Fishing Platform (Diaoyutai), a favorite retreat of the Qianlong Emperor.

Afternoon

The Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum

Reclining on a mountain slope, the majestic mausoleum blends the styles of traditional imperial tombs and modern architecture. Lying on the mountainside, the vault is more than 700 meters (2,300 ft) away from the square below, which is the entrance of the mausoleum. There is a three-tier stone stand on which a huge bronze ding, an ancient Chinese vessel symbolizing power. To the north of the square, the paifang towers are high. Beyond is the 480-meter (1,570 ft) and 50-meter (160 ft)-wide stairway which has 392 stairs leading to the vault. On both sides, pine, cypress, and ginkgo trees guard the way. At the end of the stairway is a gate which is 16 meters (52 ft) high and 27 meters (89 ft) wide. The tri-arched marble gate is inscribed with the personal motto of Dr. Sun, with four Chinese characters written by him, "Tian Xia Wei Gong" which means "What is under heaven is for all." Inside the gate, there is a pavilion in which a 9-meter (30 ft) stele is set, which is a memorial monument set by the Kuomintang (KMT). A few stairs up are the sacrificial hall and the vault.

Temple of Confucius

Nanjing Confucius Temple is located in Qinhuai District, Nanjing City, on the north bank of the Qinhuai River Gongyuan Street, Jiangnan Gongyuan west, located in the Confucius temple Qinhuai scenery belt core area,

namely Nanjing Confucius Temple, Nanjing Confucian Temple, Wenxuanwang Temple, for the place of worship and sacrifice of Confucius, It is the first national highest institution of learning in China, one of the four major temples of literature in China, the hub of ancient Chinese culture, the place where Nanking history and humanities gather and is not only the cultural and educational centre of Nanjing in the Ming and Qing dynasties but also the cultural and educational architectural complex that ranks first in the southeastern provinces.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Crowne Plaza Nanjing Jiangning; similar

Day 5

Nanjing - Vehicle - Hangzhou

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will go to the national 5A-level tourist attraction and world cultural heritage in the Zhongshan Scenic Area - Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum. This is the mausoleum of the founding emperor Zhu Yuanzhang and Queen Ma of the Ming Dynasty. It covers an area of more than 1.7 million square meters , is one of the largest imperial mausoleums in China. After lunch, we will drive to Hangzhou and visit Hefang Street, a historical and cultural district in Hangzhou. Hefang Street is always very lively. Many citizens and tourists come here to appreciate the unique skills of folk artists, because it has the most friendly market culture in Hangzhou, and it is a microcosm of Hangzhou's long history and culture. The former residence of Hu Xueyan is not to be missed.

Itinerary:

Nanjing → Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum (1.5 hours) → Hangzhou → Ming and Qing Hefang Street (1 hour) → Former Residence of Hu Xueyan (1 hour) → Hotel

Morning

Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum

Xiaoling Mausoleum of Ming Dynasty (Mingxiaoling) is one of the biggest imperial tombs in China. It lies in the eastern suburbs of Nanjing City at the southern foot of Purple Mountain. Emperor Chengzu, Zhu Yuanzhang, the first emperor of the Ming Dynasty (1368-1644) and Queen Ma were buried there. Xiaoling Mausoleum is renowned for its unique design, its eminent status, its amazing beauty and its magnificent scale. It's the milestone in the historical development of Chinese mausoleums. As an extension of the 'Imperial Tombs of the Ming and Qing Dynasties, it is listed by UNESCO as a world cultural heritage site. At the entrance to Xiaoling Mausoleum of Ming Dynasty, you will see the Dismounting Archway. As a gesture of deep respect, visitors would dismount their horses and sedans at this point. Not far from the entrance is the Tablet Pavilion called Si Fang Cheng. Here a majestic tablet was erected by order of Emperor Zhu Di, the fourth son of Zhu Yuanzhang, to eulogize his father's merits and virtues. The tablet is carried by Bixi, a legendary animal in the shape of a tortoise. Walking northwesterly across the bridge, you will see the winding 1,800-meter (1.1 miles) long Sacred Way in Xiaoling Mausoleum of Ming Dynasty. Its middle section runs east-west and is called Shi Xiang Road. It is lined with several pairs of stone sculptured animals guarding the tomb. Each animal is postured differently, and each conveys an auspicious meaning. Continuing north along the Sacred Way, you will reach the main body of Xiaoling Mausoleum of Ming Dynasty. There you will start from the Golden Water Bridge (Jin Shui Qiao) and arrive at the main gate named Wen Wu Archway. You next arrive at the Xiao Ling Hall, the main structure of the mausoleum. It was rebuilt in the Qing Dynasty (1644-1911) and was smaller in size than the original. Figures of Emperor Chengzu and Queen Ma are hanging inside on the wall. Then, you will come to Fang Cheng (a castle-like building) and Ming Lou (a structure built in palace style with four walls left only). They are both innovations of the Ming Dynasty. The last part is Bao Cheng that looks like a massif and the tomb of Emperor Chengzu and Queen Ma is just beneath.

Afternoon

Hefang Street

Hefang Street is the most famed street in Hangzhou City. With brilliant culture and long history, it is regarded as a typical symbol of ancient Hangzhou. Visiting this busy but interesting street, you can catch a glimpse of antique buildings and long-survived stores, taste local snacks as well as savor the beautiful artifacts.

Former Residence of Hu Xueyan

The Former Residence of Hu Xueyan or Hu Xueyan's Former Residence is the former residence of Hu Xueyan, a notable businessman in China during the latter Qing dynasty. It is located in Shangcheng District of Hangzhou, Zhejiang. On 25 May 2006, it has been designated as a "State Cultural Protection Relics Units" by the State Council of China.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Crowne Plaza Hangzhou HEDA; similar

Day 6

Hangzhou - Vehicle - Shanghai

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will visit the national 5A-level tourist attraction—Hangzhou West Lake. West Lake was called "Qiantang Lake" in ancient times, also known as "Xizi Lake"., pavilions, bridges, and pavilions, "there are thirty-six West Lakes in the world, and Hangzhou is the most beautiful among them." After lunch, we will drive back to Shanghai and head to Shanghai Xintiandi, a leisure pedestrian street that integrates catering, commerce, entertainment and culture based on the unique old Shikumen buildings in Shanghai.

Itinerary:

Hangzhou → West Lake (1.5 hours, including half an hour cruise time) → **Shanghai → Xintiandi** (1.5 hours) → **Hotel**

Morning

The West Lake

West Lake is a freshwater lake in Hangzhou, China. It is divided into five sections by three causeways. There are numerous temples, pagodas, gardens, and natural/artificial islands within the lake. Gushan is the largest natural island and three artificial islands: Xiaoyingzhou, Huixin Pavilion, and Ruan Gongdun stand at the middle of the lake. Leifeng Pagoda and Baochu Pagoda are separated by the lake. Mirroring each other, the basic pattern of "one mountain, two towers, three islands, three banks, and five lakes" is formed.

West Lake Cruise

There are many attractions along West Lake. The West Lake Cruise is a beautiful, splendid journey. Watch the shimmering waters and the many passersby. Sit on the boat and enjoy the lakes and mountains. Relax and watch the beautiful green waves on the lake.

Viewing Fish At Flower Pond

As one of top ten attractions at West Lake, Viewing Fish at Flower Harbor features the flower harbor plus red carps, peony flowers, a big lawn and dense woods. With a total area of 20 hectares (49 acres), it is located on a peninsula between West Inner Lake and South Lake in the southwest part of West Lake and is sandwiched in between the Yang Causeway and Su Causeway.

Duanqiao Bridge Remnant Snow

Duanqiao Bridge Remnant Snow, one of the ten scenic spots on West Lake in Hangzhou, gets its name from the fact that on snowy winter days the bridge looks like it's broken. When the sun comes out after a snowfall, the snow on the arch thaws first, exposing the shining grey stone between the white snow-covered heads on each side, creating an illusion that the bridge has come apart and now just looms above the lake. The bridge is believed to be one of the best spots to enjoy the view on West Lake. The folktale Madam White Snake, a love story between a snake spirit and a mortal man, also adds a romantic hue to the scenic spot.

Su Causeway

Su Causeway is connected by 6 old stone bridges originally built in the Northern Song Dynasty. Bridge railings are carved with exquisite patterns. Yadi Bridge is one of the best spots overlooking the entire lake. Willows, peach trees, magnolia trees, flowering cherry, Hibiscus trees, and other species of plants grows on the causeway. Consequently, you'll see different views in the four seasons along the causeway. In spring, long green willow branches dance in the breeze while pink peach blossoms give out refreshing fragrance.

Afternoon

Shanghai Xintiandi

Xintiandi is an affluent car-free shopping, eating and entertainment district of Shanghai. The district is composed of an area of reconstituted traditional mid-19th century shikumen ("stone gate") houses on narrow alleys, some adjoining houses which now serve as bookstores, cafes and restaurants, and shopping malls. Most of the cafes and restaurants feature both indoor and outdoor seating. Xintiandi has an active nightlife on weekdays as well as weekends, though romantic settings are more common than loud music and dance places. It is considered one of the first lifestyle centers in China. It is also the most expensive place to live in China, with some apartments costing more than Tokyo, Singapore, New York and London. It is generally home to the Chinese elites and top executive expats or immigrants.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Jin Jiang Hotel; similar

Day 7

Shanghai

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will have a full day to visit Shanghai, the magic city. We will first visit the Shanghai Museum. The collection of cultural relics in the museum includes 31 categories such as bronze, ceramics, calligraphy and painting, sculpture, oracle bones, seals, currency, jade, furniture, embroidery, lacquerware, bamboo and wood teeth, and cultural relics of ethnic minorities. Bronze, ceramics, calligraphy, and painting are the most prominent. Then, we will go to the French Concession. In the evening, we will check in at Shanghai's landmark attractions—the Bund and Nanjing Road Pedestrian Street. There are 52 classical revival buildings with different styles standing on the Bund. It is known as the Bund International Architecture Expo Group. It is an important historical site and representative building in modern China, on the 50th anniversary of the National Day. The completed Nanjing Road Pedestrian Street gave the "century-old Nanjing Road" a new look and became another beautiful new urban landscape in Shanghai.

Itinerary:

Shanghai → **Shanghai Museum** (1 hour) → **Shanghai French Concession** (1 hour) → **The Bund & Nanjing Road Pedestrian Street** (1.5 hours) → **Hotel**

Morning

Shanghai Museum

The Shanghai Museum is a museum of ancient Chinese art, situated on the People's Square in the Huangpu District of Shanghai, China. Rebuilt at its current location in 1996, it is considered one of China's first world-class modern museums and famous for its large collection of rare cultural pieces. The museum has a collection of over 120,000 pieces, including bronze, ceramics, calligraphy, furniture, jades, ancient coins, paintings, seals, sculptures, minority art and foreign art. The Shanghai Museum houses several items of national importance, including one of three extant specimens of a "transparent" bronze mirror from the Han Dynasty.

Shanghai French Concession

The Shanghai French Concession was a foreign concession in Shanghai, China from 1849 until 1943, which progressively expanded in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. The concession came to an end in 1943, when Vichy France under German pressure signed it over to the pro-Japanese Reorganized National Government of China in Nanjing. For much of the 20th century, the area covered by the former French Concession remained the premier residential and retail district of Shanghai and was also one of the centers of Catholicism in China. Despite re-development over the last few decades, the area retains a distinct character and is a popular tourist destination.

Afternoon

The Bund

The Bund or Waitan is a waterfront area and a protected historical district in central Shanghai. The area centers on a section of Zhongshan Road (East Zhongshan Road No.1) within the former Shanghai International Settlement, which runs along the western bank of the Huangpu River in the eastern part of Huangpu District. The area along the river faces the modern skyscrapers of Lujiazui in the Pudong District. The Bund usually refers to the buildings and wharves on this section of the road, as well as some adjacent areas. This region has a significant European influence, with the style of many structures most comparable to that of European cities, particularly Gothic, Baroque, Neoclassical, Romanesque, Art Deco, and Renaissance architecture.

Nanjing Road, Shanghai

Nanjing Road is a road in Shanghai, the eastern part of which is the main shopping district of Shanghai. It is one of the world's busiest shopping streets, along with Fifth Avenue, Oxford Street, Orchard Road, Takeshita Street and the Champs-Élysées. Nanjing Road is the world's longest shopping district, around 5.5 km long, and attracts over 1 million visitors daily. As a century-old shopping street in Huangpu District, Shanghai, Nanjing Road was a witness of the city's history. Over time, it has been restructured, undergoing significant changes. Big traditional stores no longer dominate the market since modern shopping malls, specialty stores, theaters, and international hotels have mushroomed on both sides of the street.

Afternoon Lunch

Lunch included

Night Dinner

Dinner Special

Night

Hotel: Jin Jiang Hotel; similar

Day 8

Shanghai - Airplane - Home

Morning Breakfast

Breakfast Included

Include two breakfasts per room

All day

Today we will end our pleasant 8-day trip. You can book a suitable flight to leave the Shanghai Pudong International Airport(PVG) OR Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport (SHA) according to your needs. Our staff only provides one drop-off service from the hotel at 7:00 in the morning. If a guest has an earlier flight and needs to leave the hotel before 7:00 to the airport, the guide can help the guest take a taxi.

Cost Description

Cost includes

1. Professional transfer service during the tour, the type of car will be arranged according to the number of guests.
2. Seven nights in a five star hotel.

3. Bilingual (Chinese and English) tour guide with service fee.

4. In-hotel breakfasts (two breakfast coupons per room per day) and thirteen special meals listed in the itinerary.

5. Admission tickets listed in the itinerary: Yu Garden, Shantang Street cruise, Lingering Garden, Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum, Hu Xueyan's former residence, West Lake cruise.

Cost excludes

1. Partial lunch and dinner in the itinerary.

2. Flight tickets, taxes, visa fees and passport processing fees.

3. Personal fees such as laundry, haircut, telephone, fax, pay TV, drinks, tips and any additional expenses inside the hotel.

4. Any personal expenses that are not listed in the Fees Included.