



[Gold] 10 Days 9 Nights in a Private Tour of Portugal and Spain Lisbon, Evora, Seville, Mijas, Cordoba, Consuegra, Toledo, Madrid, Zaragoza, and Barcelona

Max up to 7 guests per group

Product information			
Departure city	Lisbon	Tour No.	LISBCN10V
Destination	Barcelona	Way location	Evora、Sevilla、Mijas、Cordoba、Toledo、Madrid、Zaragoza、Barcelona
Travel days	10 Day 9 Night	Transportation	Vehicle
Airport pick-up/drop-off	Airport pick-up Airport drop-off	Currency	USD

Product price	
Single occupancy: \$3449 / Person	Double occupancy: \$2849 / Person

Departure date
Daily departure: A minimum of four guests, and maximum of seven guests are required. If there are less than four people, you may pay a four guests' tour fee to join the group.

Highlights

- Enter from Lisbon and exit from Barcelona, enter from the west and exit from the east. The itinerary is reasonable and there is no backtracking.
- Four-star hotel accommodation throughout the trip, with a booking score of 7.5 or above, and two consecutive nights in Barcelona.
- Special gift of authentic Portuguese egg tarts from a century-old egg tart shop in Lisbon.
- Special arrangements for free shopping at the shopping street in the center of Lisbon, known as the "Champs Elysees" of Portugal; special arrangements for free shopping at El Corte Inglés, the largest department store chain in Spain; special arrangements for free shopping at Barcelona's Avenida de Gracia, which has Gaudi's buildings such as "La Pedrera" and "La Batlló"

【World Cultural Heritage Tour】

1. Barcelona, the city of Gaudi, the Sagrada Familia, the world cultural heritage, and Park Guell;
2. Lisbon World Cultural Heritage - Church and Monastery of St. Geromeno, Belem Tower;
3. The third largest cathedral in the world and a world cultural heritage site - Seville Cathedral;
4. The representative work of Spanish Islamic culture and a world cultural heritage - Seville Cathedral;

5. The Alhambra Palace, the culmination of Arabic palace and courtyard art and a world cultural heritage;

6. The well-preserved medieval town and world cultural heritage - the ancient city of Évora;

7. The pearls scattered by God, the world cultural heritage - Old Town of Cordoba;

8. Toledo, an ancient city that is a world cultural heritage and was crowned by the imperial crown.

【Popular Attractions】

1) The land ends here and the sea begins at Cape Roca;

2) The city of elopement, the cliff town - Ronda;

3) Mijas, a white and quiet town in the Mediterranean;

4) Don Quixote's Route Windmill Town - Consuegra;

- . Each VIP member of the tour group will be given a free overseas travel medical insurance. If the guest encounters any traffic accident or becomes ill and needs to be hospitalized for treatment during the trip, he/she can submit a claim to the insurance company with valid certification documents issued by the hospital. Please

click the link (blue font) to view the specific claim details.

Join / leave point

Boarding location

Lisbon Portela Airport (LIS); Address: Alameda das Comunidades Portuguesas, 1700-111 Lisboa, Portugal;
Complimentary Airport Pick-up on the first day of your tour: 09:00-21:00. If you arrive outside the free pick-up period, you need to be charged an additional \$150 per person for pick-up service.

Drop-off location

Barcelona Airport (BCN); Address: 08820 El Prat de Llobregat, Barcelona, Spain;
For detailed information, please refer to the last day's itinerary.

Tour introduction

Day 1

Lisbon

All day

Welcome to Lisbon! Complimentary Airport Pick-up on the first day of your tour: 09:00-21:00. If you arrive outside the free pick-up period, you need to be charged an additional \$150 per person for pick-up service.

You can have a seafood buffet at your own expense.

Itinerary:

Lisbon airport pick-up → Lisbon Seafood Buffet (Optional, 2 hours)

Night Dinner

Cost excludes

Lisbon Seafood Buffet at your own expense.

Night

Hotel: SANA Metropolitan Hotel; similar

Day 2

Lisbon - Vehicle - **Cabo da Roca** - Vehicle - **Lisbon** - Vehicle - **Evora**

All day

Today we will first go to Cape Roca, the westernmost point of Portugal, where the land ends and the sea begins, overlooking the Atlantic Ocean and embracing the fresh sea breeze. Then we will drive back to the center of Lisbon to check in at the Monument to the Discoveries, the Church and Monastery of St. Geromeno, Rossio Square, Liberty Avenue and other attractions, and finally stay in the town of Évora.

Itinerary:

Lisbon → Cabo da Roca (30 mins) → **Lisbon → April 25th Bridge** (View from a distance) → **Padrão dos Descobrimentos** (Outside visit, 15 mins) → **Jerónimos Monastery** (Outside visit, 15 mins) → **Belém Tower** (Outside visit, 30 mins) → **Rossio Square** (30 mins) → **Free time in Avenida da Liberdade** (60 mins) → **Evora**

A special gift of an authentic Portuguese egg tart from a century-old custard tart shop in Lisbon will be provided for you.

All day

Cabo da Roca

At the seaside in the western suburbs of Lisbon, you can visit Cape Roca, "the end of the continent and the beginning of the ocean," and the monument that records the precise longitude and latitude. Overlooking the endless Atlantic Ocean and breathing the fresh sea breeze is refreshing.

Monument to the Discoveries

The Portuguese Maritime Monument was built in 1960. It stands on the square by the sea. It is magnificent and has become a symbol of Portugal. From a distance, the monument's solid base looks like a white stone sailboat sailing on the sea, which makes people imagine. In terms of details, the exquisite stone carvings of figures on the base are exquisitely crafted and can be called a masterpiece. The monument is engraved with statues of Henry, Da Gama and 80 other sailors. On both sides are some navigators who set out with him, as well as famous generals, missionaries and scientists in Portuguese history. Behind the monument is a large cross symbolizing religious beliefs.

Church of St. Jerónimos and Jerónimos Monastery

The Church and Monastery of San Geromino was built in 1502. Its magnificent architecture represents the prosperity of Portugal's era of maritime hegemony and was listed as a World Cultural Heritage by UNESCO in 1983.

Belem Tower

Belém Tower, officially the Tower of Saint Vincent is a 16th-century fortification located in Lisbon. It once served as a point of embarkation and disembarkation for Portuguese explorers and as a ceremonial gateway to Lisbon. It was built during the height of the Portuguese Renaissance and is a prominent example of the Portuguese Manueline style. It also incorporates hints of other architectural styles. The structure was built from lioz limestone and is composed of a bastion, a 30-metre (98.4 ft), four-storey tower. Since 1983, the tower has been a UNESCO World Heritage Site and one that you must discover.

Rossio

The Rossio is located in the Pombaline Downtown of Lisbon and has been one of its main squares since the Middle Ages. It has been the setting of popular revolts and celebrations, bullfights, and executions. It is now a preferred meeting place of Lisbon natives and tourists alike. The current name of the Rossio pays homage to Pedro IV, King of Portugal.

Avenida da Liberdade

Avenida da Liberdade is an important boulevard in central Lisbon, Portugal. Famous as one of the most expensive shopping streets in Europe this is a must-see location. It has since become one of the most prestigious addresses in Portugal and one of Europe's most popular luxury shopping destinations! It is home to a number of luxury stores, boutiques, and hotels.

Night

Hotel: Evora Hotel; similar

Day 3

Evora - Vehicle - Seville

All day

Today we will go to the UNESCO World Heritage town of Évora to experience the medieval and ancient Roman architectural styles. Then we will go to the historic city of Seville in Spain. During the trip, we will visit the Plaza de España, the landmark building in Seville, where the beauty of architecture and humanities are perfectly integrated. After that, we will check in at the elegant and noble Royal Palace of Seville, the Seville Cathedral, one of the three largest churches in the world, and the Golden Tower, which records the maritime history of Seville. You can also choose to watch a flamenco performance at your own expense.

Itinerary:

Evora (60 mins) → Seville → Plaza de España (30 mins) → Alcázar of Seville (Outside visit, 15 mins) → Seville Cathedral (Outside visit, 15 mins) → Tower of Gold (Outside visit, 15 mins) → Flamenco Dance Show (Optional, 60 mins)

All day

Evora

Évora is an ancient city that was first built in the third century AD during the Roman Empire. It is home to architectural works of different artistic styles and schools, from ancient Rome to the Renaissance, from the Visigothic to the Moorish period. Despite the vicissitudes of life, these cultural heritages have been relatively well preserved. Therefore, UNESCO designated it as a World Cultural Heritage City in 1986.

Spain Square

The Plaza de España is a spectacle of light and majesty. Framed in the María Luisa Park, this plaza was designed by the great Seville architect Aníbal González as an emblematic space for the 1929 Ibero-American Expo. The result was a plaza-palace unique in the world. Its proportions are lavish. It has a total area of 50,000 square meters, without a doubt one of the most imposing plazas in Spain.

Alcazar of Segovia

The Royal Alcazar of Segovia, historically known as al-Qasr al-Muriq and commonly known as the Alcazar of Segovia, is a royal palace in Seville, Spain, built for the Christian king Peter of Castile. The palace is a preeminent example of Mudéjar style in the Iberian Peninsula, combining Romanesque, Gothic, and Renaissance structural elements. It was registered in 1987 by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site, along with the adjoining Seville Cathedral and the General Archive of the Indies.

Seville Cathedral

The Cathedral of Saint Mary of the See, better known as Seville Cathedral, is a Roman Catholic cathedral in Seville, Andalusia, Spain. It was registered in 1987 by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site, along with the adjoining Alcázar palace complex and the General Archive of the Indies. It is the fourth-largest church in the world as well as the largest Gothic church.

Tower of Gold

The Torre del Oro (English: "Tower of Gold") is a dodecagonal military watchtower in Seville, southern Spain. It was erected by the Almohad Caliphate in order to control access to Seville via the Guadalquivir River. Its name comes from the golden shine it projected on the river, due to its building materials (a mixture of mortar, lime and pressed hay).

Flamenco Dance Show

Flamenco dance (baile) is a highly-expressive, Spanish dance form. The flamenco is a solo dance characterized by hand clapping, percussive footwork, and intricate hand, arm, and body movements. The dance is usually accompanied by a singer and guitar player.

Night

Hotel: Abades Benacazon; similar

Day 4

Seville - Vehicle - **Ronda** - Vehicle - **Mijas** - Vehicle - **Granada**

All day

Today, we will leave Seville for Ronda! It is the birthplace of bullfighting art, and we will be visiting the famous Ronda cliff and the ancient Longda bullring. Then we will go to Mijas. Walk into the Mijas Valley, you will find the charm of the white town. Finally, we will drive to Granada, where you can enjoy the scenery of Albaycin along the way.

Itinerary:

Seville → **Ronda** (60 minutes, outside visit the Ronda Bullring) → **Mijas** (60 minutes) → **Albaycin** (Car tour) → **Granada**

All day

Ronda

Ronda is the birthplace of the great art of bullfighting. Stroll through the streets and alleys of Ronda and experience the leisurely and peaceful life of the local people. Visit the famous Ronda natural cliffs and walk on the stone bridge connecting the old and new towns. Below is a deep abyss and in the distance is infinitely beautiful scenery. Look out at the ancient Spanish bullring, which is a place of pilgrimage for bullfighters. The current Spanish bullfighting style was born in this bullring.

Ronda Bullring

The Ronda Bullring was built at the end of the eighteenth century and is one of the most popular monuments in Andalusia.

Mijas

The small town of Mijas has very pleasing white houses with white walls and red tiles. The whole town is spread

out along the gently sloping foothills. The pure and flawless white landscape attracts photography enthusiasts. Mijas, with its blue sky, white walls and brown hills as its theme, is a famous Arabic-style tourist town. Visitors in the Mijas Valley can experience the pure Mediterranean style firsthand, which is refreshing.

Albaycin

Albaicin is the old Moorish quarter of the city. It's located on a hill facing the Alhambra and there are dramatic views of this area from the palace's famous rose gardens. In the 13th century, the Moors fled to Granada and re-settled on the northern part of the hill, creating a suburb which took on the name of their former home. The Albaicin became a UNESCO World Heritage site in 1994.

Night

Hotel: Abades Nevada Palace; similar

Day 5

Granada - Vehicle - Cordoba

All day

Today, we will visit Alhambra Palace! It is reputed as the "city of palaces". It is also a popular shooting place of films and television series for its distinctive designs. After leaving Granada, we will drive to Cordoba and visit the beautiful open-air courtyards and Mosque-Cathedral of Cordoba.

Itinerary:

Alhambra Palace (Optional, 1.5 hours) → **Cordoba** (1 hour, outside visit the Mosque-Cathedral of Cordoba)

All day

Alhambra Palace

The Alhambra Palace is the royal palace of the Kingdom of Granada established by the Moors in Spain in the Middle Ages. Its name comes from Arabic, meaning "Red Castle". The palace is a masterpiece of architecture that perfectly combines Islamic secular architecture with gardening techniques, and is an excellent representative of Arabic palace and courtyard architecture. In 1984, it was listed as a cultural heritage in the World Heritage List. The Alhambra Palace is mainly composed of the Alcazaba Castle, the Nasrid Palaces, and the Generalife Palace as a summer palace. The Lion Courtyard and the Myrtles Courtyard are also attractions that cannot be missed.

Cordoba

Cordoba is a city with many cultural heritages and monuments. In 1984, UNESCO listed the Historic Area of Cordoba as a cultural heritage on the World Heritage List. Cordoba was once the capital of the Moorish Kingdom.

You can stroll along the "Flower Alley" and visit the garden-like open-air courtyards called patios throughout the city.

Mosque-Cathedral of Cordoba

The Mosque-Cathedral of Cordoba is arguably the most significant monument in the whole of the western Moslem World and one of the most amazing buildings in the world in its own right. The complete evolution of the Omeyan style in Spain can be seen in its different sections, as well as the Gothic, Renaissance and Baroque styles of the Christian part. It was designated as a World Heritage Site in 1984.

Night

Hotel: Exe Ciudad De Cordoba; similar

Day 6

Cordoba - Vehicle - **Consuegra** - Vehicle - **Toledo** - Vehicle - **Madrid**

All day

Today, we will leave Cordoba for the famous windmill town of Consuegra. Under the blue sky and white clouds, a row of windmills spin lonely on the vast plain. It is a place that photography lovers can't miss. Then we will visit Toledo, and finally check in Madrid.

Itinerary:

Cordoba → **Consuegra** (30 mins) → **Toledo** (2 hours) → **Madrid**

All day

Consuegra

Most Spanish windmills, like those described in Miguel de Cervantes' early 17th century novel Don Quixote, can be found in the community of Castilla-La Mancha, in central Spain. The best examples of restored Spanish windmills may be found in Consuegra where several mills spike the hill just outside town, giving a view of the 12th-century castle and of the town.

Toledo Cathedral

Toledo was once the capital of the Kingdom of Castile in Spain and is a world cultural heritage city. You can get a bird's eye view of Toledo from the top of the Ring Hill. Toledo itself is a work of art, with streets and alleys full of Roman, Visigothic, Muslim and Jewish-style buildings. Stroll through the famous Toledo Art District and enjoy the vicissitudes and beauty of this small city known as the "city crowned by the imperial crown".

Night

Hotel: Exe Getafe; similar

Day 7

Madrid - Vehicle - Zaragoza

All day

Madrid is the capital and economic center of Spain. During the trip, we will visit the resplendent Royal Palace of Madrid, Puerta del Sol and Plaza Mayor. We'll then head to the Market of San Miguel. Finally, we will go to Spain's largest shopping mall, El Corte Inglés, where you will have enough time to enjoy the fun of shopping!

Itinerary:

Royal Palace of Madrid (Optional, 120 minutes) → **Puerta del Sol** (15 minutes) → **Plaza Mayor** (15 minutes) → **Market of San Miguel** (15 minutes) → **El Corte Inglés** (60 minutes) → **Zaragoza**

All day

Royal Palace of Madrid

The Royal Palace, also known as the Oriental Palace, is no longer the residence of the royal family, but it is still the mainplace for the king to receive state guests. The architecture of the Royal Palace combines the traditional Spanish royal architectural style and the Baroque architectural style. The overall shape of the palace is square, with each side 180 meters long and built of white granite.

Puerta del Sol

This is the seat of the Madrid Regional Government and one of the most prosperous commercial areas in Madrid. In the middle of Puerta del Sol is the "Zero Kilometer Landmark", which is the center of the Iberian Peninsula.

Plaza Mayor

The Plaza Mayor is a major public space in the heart of Madrid, the capital of Spain. It was once the centre of Old Madrid. It was first built (1580–1619) during the reign of Philip III. Only a few blocks away is another famous plaza, the Puerta del Sol. The Plaza Mayor is a space for the people of Madrid and tourists to shop, walk around, eat, and enjoy the outdoors.

Market of San Miguel

More than 100 years have gone by since the Mercado de San Miguel opened its doors as a wholesale food market. Today, this historical building stands out as one of the world's main gastronomic markets. It allows visitors to experience the essence and most significant flavors of every corner of Spain.

El Corte Inglés

The mall is one of the largest department store chains in Spain. Here you can buy all kinds of luxury jewelry, skin care products, perfumes, luggage, sunglasses, as well as some affordable clothing and sports brands. It is best to go to its service center first and exchange a foreigner discount card with your passport. Almost all the goods in the mall can be discounted by 15%.

Night

Hotel: Eurostars Rey Fernando; similar

Day 8

Zaragoza - Vehicle - Barcelona

All day

Today we will first explore Zaragoza! Here preserves many buildings left over from the ancient Rome period. You can feel the grandeur of the fallen empire. Then we will head to Barcelona! Barcelona is a beautiful and majestic city located along a hilly area. Many blocks of the city are named after the nearby hills. The famous Montjuïc Mountain is located in the southwest of the city and is 173 meters high. From the top of the mountain, you can overlook the entire port of Barcelona!

Itinerary:

Zaragoza (60 mins) → **Barcelona** → **Columbus Monument** (15 mins) → **Palau Nacional** (30 mins) → **Montjuic Mountain** (15 mins) → **Olympic Harbour** (15 mins) → **Spanish Seafood Paella** (Optional)

All day

Zaragoza

Zaragoza is the capital city of the Zaragoza Province and stands next to one of the most important rivers in Spain known as the Ebro. The city is famous for its delicious local cuisines and landmarks such as the Basílica del Pilar, La Seo Cathedral and the Aljafería Palace. Together with La Seo and the Aljafería, several other buildings form part of the Mudéjar Architecture of Aragon which is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Columbus Monument

The monument is 60 meters high and was built to commemorate Columbus' triumphant return from his expedition to America in 1492. Five flying goddesses are carved around the center of the column, and eight huge black lions are carved around the base. There are also inscriptions recording Columbus's sailing deeds and sculptures of King Ferdinand and the Queen who funded his expedition at the time. The full-length statue of

Columbus on the top of the column is made of cast iron melted from the cannon in front of the Montjuic Castle. It is the largest statue of Columbus in the world, showing Columbus looking into the distance with his right arm pointing to the ocean ahead.

Palau Nacional

The Palau Nacional is a building on the hill of Montjuïc in Barcelona. It was the main site of the 1929 International Exhibition. It was designed by Eugenio Cerdà and Enric Catà under the supervision of Pere Domènech i Roura. Since 1934 it has been home to the National Art Museum of Catalonia. With a ground surface of 32,000 m², the Spanish Renaissance-inspired building has a rectangular floor plan flanked by two side and one rear square sections, with an elliptical dome in the center.

Montjuic Mountain

Montjuic is a wooded hill in the southwest of Barcelona. It is a good place to overlook the panoramic view of Barcelona. There is a platform on the mountain that overlooks the whole of Barcelona, where you can see the Columbus Monument, the Sagrada Família, the Barcelona Cathedral, the port, and the beach.

Olympic Harbour

Located in the southeast corner of Barcelona, the Olympic Port was the heart of the Olympic Village during the 1992 Barcelona Olympics and is now a burgeoning residential and water sports district. Several five-star hotels line the shore, hundreds of private yachts are moored at the port, and the Olympic Village near the port boasts over 2,000 athlete apartments, now privately owned by wealthy locals.

Night Dinner

(At your own expense)Dinner

Night

Hotel: Hotel Exe Barcelona Gate; similar

Day 9

Barcelona

All day

Today we continue to travel in Barcelona and visit the Sagrada Família, which is listed as a World Cultural Heritage. The church is uniquely designed, solemn and mysterious, and is a classic work of the genius artist Gaudí. Then we will go to another World Cultural Heritage, Park Güell, which is also one of Gaudí's masterpieces. You can stroll around the park and enjoy the garden landscape. After that, check in at Gràcia Avenue, Casa Batlló

and Casa Milà to appreciate the wonderful ideas of the genius designers.

Itinerary:

Sagrada Família (Optional, 60 mins) → **Parc Güell** (Optional, 60 mins) → **Free time on Paseo de Gracia** (3 hours)
→ **Casa Batlló** (Outside visit, 15 mins) → **Casa Milà** (Outside visit, 15 mins)

All day

Sagrada Familia

The masterpiece of the genius artist Gaudi is not only listed as a UNESCO World Cultural Heritage, but also a holy place in the minds of many tourists. The three facades of the church are presented in a magnificent and coordinated manner, with simple and neat lines. The reliefs on the door and wall of the church show the stories of the Bible, which are like living creatures. The design of the interior of the church, inspired by caves, mountains, flowers, plants and animals, adds a mysterious rhythm to the church, which is impressive.

Parc Güell

Take a walk through the lovely Parc Güell! It is a public park system composed of gardens and architectural elements located on Carmel Hill, in Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain. The park was built from 1900 to 1914 and was officially opened as a public park in 1926. In 1984, UNESCO declared the park a World Heritage Site under "Works of Antoni Gaudí".

Paseo de Gracia

Take a walk along the Passeig de Gràcia! It is one of the major avenues in Barcelona (Catalonia) and is one of the most important shopping and business areas! It contains several of the city's most celebrated pieces of architecture.

Casa Batlló

Casa Batlló is one of the two greatest buildings designed by Antoni Gaudí and is considered one of his masterpieces. Like everything Gaudí designed, Casa Batlló is only identifiable as Modernisme or Art Nouveau in the broadest sense. The ground floor, in particular, has unusual tracery, irregular oval windows and flowing sculpted stonework. In 2005, Casa Batlló became an UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Casa Milà

Casa Milà the last private residence designed by architect Antoni Gaudí and was built between 1906 and 1912. At the time, it was controversial because of its undulating stone façade and twisting wrought iron balconies. In 1984, it was declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO.

Night

Hotel: Hotel Exe Barcelona Gate; similar

Day 10

Barcelona - Airplane - Home

All day

Today we will end our pleasant 11-day trip to Portugal and West, you can book a suitable flight to leave Barcelona An Prat Airport (BCN) according to your needs.

Our staff only provides one drop-off service from the hotel between 6:00 and 11:00 in the morning.

Cost Description

Cost includes

1. 9 nights 4-star hotels: standard for two people in one room.
2. Breakfasts in the hotel.
3. Chinese speaking driver-guide (English ability: daily communication).
4. Mercedes Benz 8-9 seat commercial vehicle.

Cost excludes

1. Flight tickets, taxes, visa fees and passport processing fees.
2. Lunches and dinners.

3. Service fee: 15 pounds per day per person.

4. Attraction tickets and self-paid items in the itinerary.

5. Person fees such as laundry, haircut, telephone, fax, pay TV, drinks, tips and any expenses in the hotel.

6. Any personal expenses that are not listed in Fees Included.

Extra expense

Item name	Days	Price description	Description
Lisbon Seafood Buffet	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €45.00;	Time required: about 2h
Flamenco Dance Show	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €65.00;	Time required: 1- 1.5h
Alhambra Palace of Granada	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €50.00;	Time required: about 1.5h
Royal Palace of Madrid	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €40.00;	Time required: about 1h
Spanish Seafood Paella	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €30.00;	Time required: about 1.5h
Sagrada Família	Tour guide	Everyone: €40.00;	Time required:

	arranges according itinerary		about 1h
Parc Güell	Tour guide arranges according itinerary	Everyone: €25.00;	Time required: about 1h